

State	Rule/Regulation	Accreditation Requirement	ACLS/BLS or CME Requirements for Operating Surgeons	Incident Reporting Requirements	Liposuction Limits	State Licensing or Registration	Surgeon Credentials/Privileges	Surgery Time Limits
AL	Chapter 540-X-10; Rules of the Board of Medical Examiners	Encouraged but not required	ACLS	√		Surgeons who administer moderate sedation or greater must register with state medical board.	Alternative credentialing mechanism for procedures outside the physician's core curriculum may be applied for through the Board.	
AZ	Administrative Code, Title 4, Chp. 16, Article 7 AZ revised statutes, Sec. 36-402 (3)		ACLS or PALS (BLS ok for moderate sedation)			Physicians who are not otherwise associated with a licensed ASC or hospital must obtain a health care institution license from to perform any procedure requiring general anesthesia, or if patients are kept overnight.		
CA	Business and Professional Code; 2216. 1, 2240	√	ACLS	√	Liposuction ≥ 5,000 CCs must be done in accredited			

					facility, licensed hospital or ASC.			
CO	Policy Statement 40-12	Accreditation of Class B or C facilities is recommended if patient is remaining overnight.	Surgeon and one assistant should be certified in BLS; If qualified anesthesia provider is not managing the anesthesia, the surgeon and at least one assistant should be certified in ACLS.		≥4,500 CC or no more than 5% of total body weight, whichever is less; ≥1,500 CC when combined with any other extensive surgical procedure.		Surgeon should have staff privileges to perform the same procedure in that hospital as is being performed in the office setting.	
CT	Chapter 368aa; Section 19a-691	√						
FL	Administrative Code Rules; 64B8-9.009, 9.0091	√	ACLS certified if level II anesthesia or greater.	√	4,000 cc supernatant fat; 1,000 cc when done in combination with other procedures, including abdomino- plasty.	Surgeons who perform level II surgery or higher must register with the state medical board.	Alternative credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges or hold ABMS certification.	8 hrs.
IL	Medical Practice Act of 1987, Section 1285.340		ACLS Every two years; 8 hours CME for moderate sedation, 34 hours CME for general anesthesia	√				

IN	844 IAC, Sec 5	√ (effective Jan. 2010)	ACLS or PALS	√			For anesthesia, a practitioner must have admitting privileges at a near hospital or a transfer agreement with another practitioner or a near hospital.	
KS	Kansas State Board of Healing Arts, Article 25 (100-25-3)	√		√				
KY	Board of Medical Examiners Guidelines	Offices where Level II and II anesthesia are preformed are expected to be accredited	ACLS	√	4,000 CC on liposuction	Registration with the state required		
LA	Administrative Code, Title 46, Chp. 73	Accredited offices fulfill state OBS	ACSL	√			Possess current admitting privileges at a hospital within a reasonable proximity.	
MA	State Medical Society Guidelines	√	BLS certified in performing level II surgery or higher.	√		.	Alternative credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges or ABMS certification.	
MS	State Board of		BLS, ACLS	√	Reasonable	Surgeons who	Alternative	

	Medical Licensure, Article XXIV, Chp. 15		recommended		ranges are recommended.	perform level II surgery or higher must register with state medical board.	credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges or hold ABMS certification. Written transfer agreement from licensed hospital within reasonable proximity is needed if surgeon does not have staff privileges to perform same procedure taking place in office.	
NC	State Medical Board Position Statement	√	ACLS and at least on other health care	√			Alternative credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges	
NJ	Guidelines		Essentially requires anesthesiologist to supervise general anesthesia; Alternative path for ACLS-certified MD's	√			Alternative credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges or hold ABMS certification.	

			to supervise conscious sedation.					
NV	Public Law Number 149	√					Permit will be issued based upon successful completion of an inspection focused on infection control practices. Regulations to be promulgated by the Department of Health by Oct. 1, 2009.	
NY	Public Health Law, Professional Medical Conduct §230-d	Office must be accredited if removing >500 cc of aspirate.	ACLS or PALS	√				
OH	Administrative Code Sec., 4731-25-01 to 07	√	ACLS 5 hours CME every 2 years for moderate sedation; 20 hours every 2 years for general anesthesia.	√	4,500 CC		Alternative credentialing mechanism for surgeons who do not hold hospital privileges or hold ABMS certification.	
OK	State Medical Board Guidelines		ACLS trained personnel must be immediately available					
OR	Board of Medical Examiners, Division 17, Sec.	√	ACLS and other medical professionals					

	847-017-000-0040		should be trained in BLS					
PA	State Rules and Regs, Title 28, Sub-part F, Chps. 551-571 <i>HB 2151 introduced 12/8/09: alters state's definition of Class A, B and C facilities; may have impact on OBS facilities</i>	√						4 Hrs.
RI	State Statutes, Chp. 23-17-50	√		√			Procedure-specific hospital credentials required.	2 hrs.; greater than 2 hrs. requires peer review; 4 hrs. or greater requires reporting to the state
SC	State Board of Medical Examiners Guidelines	Accredited offices meet state regulatory requirements for OBS						
TN	Rule 0880-2.21	Accreditation required in offices where level III procedures are performed. No facility accreditation	BLS required for level II procedures or greater. ACLS required for level II procedures or greater.	√	4,000 CC; 2,000 CC when done in combination with other procedures.			Level III procedure cannot last longer than 4 hrs.

		for level I or II.						
TN	TN Code Annotated, Title 63, Chp. 6, Title 68, Chp. 11 HB 1056 (enacted 6/07)						Facilities in which level III procedures are performed must be licensed by the state; such facilities must have applied for state licensure by 10/07.	
TN	TN Code Annotated, Section 63-6-221(a) SB 3484/HB 3633 (enacted 2008)						Physicians who perform level II procedures in the OBS setting (those requiring conscious sedation) must register with the state when applying for or renewing licensure.	
TX	TAC, Title 22, Part 9, Chap. 192	Accredited offices exempt from the state's office-based anesthesia rule.		√			Office-based surgeons must register with the state.	
WA	WAC Chp. 246-330; RCW Chp. 70.230	√	<i>ACLS</i>	√			All ASF's (as defined by state as any facility in which general	

						anesthesia is administered) must be licensed and comply with facility standards set forth. License must be obtained from the DOH by June 30, 2009 to continue operating.		
WI	<i>State is in early stages of developing ambulatory surgical facility rules. Updated: 7/09</i>							

The ASPS compiled this information from a multitude of sources in the 50 states, including internet searches of published and proposed rules, state and national medical and health care organizations, and accrediting agencies. ASPS cannot guarantee its complete accuracy. Please report any changes or updated information to an ASPS Government Affairs Associate at 847/981-5415.

***Updated 1/10**